TISSUE HISTOPATHOLOGY - WARTHIN STARRY SILVER STAIN for detection of Borrelia burgdorferi and related Borrelia species

PATIENT NAME: demonstration case

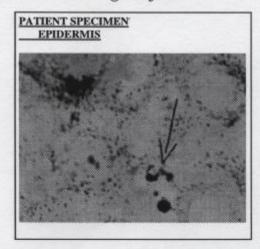
Reference laboratory: North American Clinical Laboratories BBI

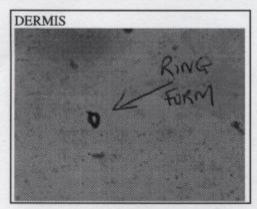
Client Number: physician name

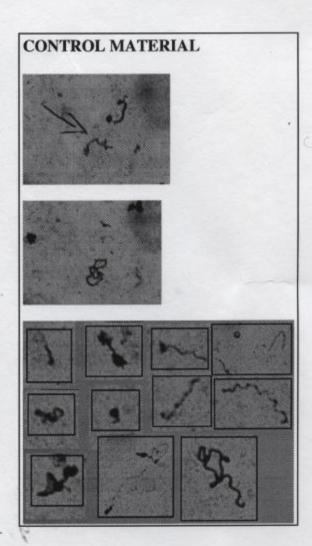
SPECIMEN IDENTIFICATION/ CLINICAL HISTORY :: NONE PROVIDED

# DIAGNOSIS: POSITIVE RESULTS, SPIROCHETES IDENTIFIED IN TISSUE SUBMITTED, CONSISTENT WITH

Borrelia burgdorferi







PATHOLOGIST:

DATE OF REPORT:

ALAN B. MACDONALD, M.D.

COMMENTS: epidermis contains rare spirochetal forms, dermis contains a ring form spirochetal profile

All controls acceptable

CONTROLS: B. burgdorferi obtained from the American Type Culture collection, (ATCC 35210)

. (Isolate B31, contributor A.G. Barbour, MD)

Tissue Examination: Slides cut at 5 levels, all stained with Warthin Starry method Reference: "Lyme disease is a spirochetosis", American Journal of Dermatopathology

### TISSUE HISTOPATHOLOGY - WARTHIN STARRY SILVER STAIN for detection of

Borrelia burgdorferi and related Borrelia species

PATIENT NAME: de

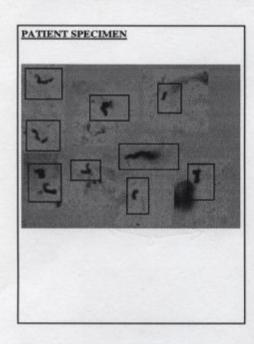
demonstration case

Reference laboratory: North American Clinical Laboratories BBI

Client Number:

SPECIMEN IDENTIFICATION/ CLINICAL HISTORY :: TISSUE

# DIAGNOSIS: POSITIVE RESULTS, SPIROCHETES IDENTIFIED IN TISSUE SUBMITTED, MORPHOLOGY IS CONSISTENT WITH *Borrelia burgdorferi*





PATHOLOGIST:\_

DATE OF REPORT:

#### ALAN B. MACDONALD, M.D.

COMMENTS: tissue submitted shows a very large number of fragmented spirochetes, most as very short segments, without an inflammatory response.

#### ALL CONTROLS ACCEPTABLE.

CONTROLS: B. burgdorferi obtained from the American Type Culture collection, (ATCC 35210)
(Isolate B31, contributor A.G. Barbour, MD)

Tissue Examination: Slides cut at 5 levels, all stained with Warthin Starry method

Reference: "Lyme disease is a spirochetosis", American Journal of Dermatopathology, 1983

Test performed at Franklin Hospital Medical Center, Valley Stream, NY 11580

#### PATIENT NAME:

#### ACCESSION NUMBER:

TISSUE HISTOPATHOLOGY - WARTHIN STARRY SILVER STAIN for detection of Borrelia burgdorferi and related Borrelia species

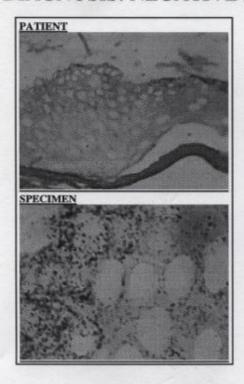
PATIENT NAME: DEMONSTRATION CASE - NEGATIVE RESULT- SKIN

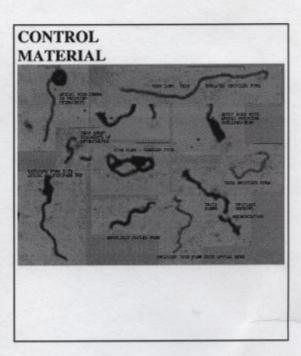
Reference laboratory: North American Clinical Laboratories BBI

Client Number: MEDICAL CLINICS

SPECIMEN IDENTIFICATION/ CLINICAL HISTORY :: SKIN BIOPSY

## DIAGNOSIS: NEGATIVE RESULTS, SEE COMMENT





PATHOLOGIST: DATE OF REPORT:

ALAN B. MACDONALD, M.D.

COMMENTS: NO SPIROCHETES ARE FOUND IN THE EPIDERMIS, INSPECTION OF DERMIS LIMITED BY ZONES OF EXCESS STAINING. SKIN BIOPSY REMARKABLE FOR HYPERKERATOSIS, WHICH IS NOT A USUAL COLLATERAL FINDING IN LYME RELATED DERMATITIS.

CONTROLS: B. burgdorferi obtained from the American Type Culture collection, (ATCC 35210)
(Isolate B31, contributor A.G. Barbour, MD)

Tissue Examination: Slides cut at 5 levels, all stained with Warthin Starry method Reference: "Lyme disease is a spirochetosis", American Journal of Dermatopathology, 1983 Test performed at Franklin Hospital Medical Center, Valley Stream, NY 11580

PATIENT NAME: UNKNOWN PERSON ACCESSION NUMBER: 999999